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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/684,369	10/15/2003	David Emerson	031223	3372
38834 7590 12/29/2006 WESTERMAN, HATTORI, DANIELS & ADRIAN, LLP 1250 CONNECTICUT AVENUE, NW SUITE 700 WASHINGTON, DC 20036			EXAMINER	
			CABRERA, ZOILA E	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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SHORTENED STATUTORY	Y PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS 12/29/2006		PAPER		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Action Summary			
		10/684,369	EMERSON ET AL.
		Examiner	Art Unit
		Zoila E. Cabrera	2125
7 Period for F		cation appears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence address
A SHOR WHICHE - Extension after SIX - If NO per - Failure to Any reply	RTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR EVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAIN IN THE M	AILING DATE OF THIS COMMUI of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may unication. tutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) M will, by statute, cause the application to become	a reply be timely filed ONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status			
_	esponsive to communication(s) filed	d on 10 October 2006	
·	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	(b) This action is non-final.	
′=		<i>,</i> —	atters, prosecution as to the merits is
•	osed in accordance with the practic	*	•
O.C	back in accordance with the practic	c dilder Ex parte Quayre, 1900 C	.D. 11, 400 O.G. 210.
Disposition	of Claims		
4)⊠ CI	aim(s) <u>1-12</u> is/are pending in the ap	pplication.	
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/ar	e withdrawn from consideration.	
5) <u></u> CI	aim(s) is/are allowed.		·
6)⊠ CI	aim(s) <u>1-12</u> is/are rejected.		
7)∐ CI	aim(s) is/are objected to.		
8) <u></u> Cl	aim(s) are subject to restrict	tion and/or election requirement.	
Application	Papers		
9)□ Th	e specification is objected to by the	Examiner	
•	e drawing(s) filed on is/are:		to by the Examiner.
-	oplicant may not request that any object		
-			ng(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
			ned Office Action or form PTO-152.
-	der 35 U.S.C. § 119	•	•
· <u> </u>			0.440(.) (1) (0)
	knowledgment is made of a claim f	or foreign priority under 35 U.S.C	. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a)⊠ 	_ ′— . ′—		
		documents have been received.	Application No.
	` ` `	documents have been received in	··
3.		•	en received in this National Stage
* \$00	application from the Internation the attached detailed Office action		ot received
366	the attached detailed Office action	rior a list of the certified copies fi	ot 16061460.
		• .	
Attachment(s)	•		
	f References Cited (PTO-892)		w Summary (PTO-413)
1) Notice o		TO-948) Paper N	w Summary (PTO-413) lo(s)/Mail Date of Informal Patent Application

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DETAILED ACTION

Final Rejection

1. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Claims 1-12 are presented for consideration.

The rejection with respect to claims 1-12 is maintained.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1-2, 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Tanaka et al. (US 2006/0142888).

Regarding claims 1-2, and 4, Tanaka discloses:

1. A production process rating method for rating a production process on the basis of a predetermined rating standard, the method comprising preparing in advance plural data including performance rating items associated with rating values as rating indexes for a production process and storing the data into a memory, gathering achievement data by a gathering unit when the production process is executed, judging by an arithmetic unit

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whether or not the executed production process satisfies conditions defined by the performance rating items on the basis of the gathered achievement data, adding or subtracting a point or points to or from the rating values <u>or</u> performing another arithmetic operation for rating in accordance with the result of the judgment, and comprehensively rating the production process on the basis of the plural performance rating items (Figs. 5, 16, 18-19, 21-22, 27, 30-33; [0005]; [0006]; [0008]; [0012]-[0013]).

- 2. The production process rating method as claimed in claim 1, wherein a reference score is set as a default value in starting to rate the production process, and the arithmetic unit adds or subtracts a rating value from the reference score <u>or</u> performs another arithmetic operation for rating in accordance with the result of judgment made for each performance rating item, thereby deciding an ultimate total rating score (Fig. 31).
- 4. The production process rating method as claimed in claim 1 or 2, wherein the production process is a continuous process **or** a discontinuous process (Fig. 26).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the

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invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 3, 5-8 and 9-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over **Tanaka et al. (US 2006/0142888)** in view of Applicant's admitted prior art (Specification, Pages 1-2; Figs. 1-2)

Tanaka discloses the limitations of claim 1 above. The same citations applied to claim 1 above apply as well for claims 9-10. However, Tanaka fails to disclose some limitations of claims 9-10 and the limitations of claims 3-8 and 11. But Applicant admits that these limitations are known under "Description of the Related Art" as follows:

Regarding claims 3, 5-8,

- 3. The production process rating method as claimed in claim 1 or 2, wherein the production process is a batch process (Fig. 1);
- 5. The production process rating method as claimed in claim 3, wherein a total rating score is decided for each batch process <u>or</u> for each unit recipe in the batch process (Fig. 1, the total rating score corresponds to each number on the y-axis).
- 6. The production process rating method as claimed in claim 3, wherein when a batch production cycle time is between an upper limit value and a lower limit value, the arithmetic unit adds a rating value <u>or</u> performing another arithmetic operation for rating to the reference score (Fig. 2, cycle time between 00:00:00 00:05:00).
- 7. The production process rating method as claimed in claim 3, wherein when a batch

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production cycle time is more than an upper limit value <u>or</u> less than a lower limit value, the arithmetic unit subtracts a rating value or performing another arithmetic operation for rating from the reference score (Figs. 1-2).

8. The production process rating method as claimed in claim 3, wherein rating is carried out when the number of times a batch based on the same recipe revision is executed is a predetermined number or more (Fig. 2).

Regarding claims 9-10,

a display unit for displaying on a screen a graph based on the result of the rating by the arithmetic unit, with one coordinate axis representing total rating score and the other coordinate axis representing batch ID <u>or</u> unit recipe ID.

a display unit for displaying on a screen a graph based on the result of the rating by the arithmetic unit, with one coordinate axis representing the number of batches or the number of unit recipes and the other coordinate axis representing sections of a total rating score (Figs. 1-2; Pages 2-3 of the specification).

As for claims 11-12,

- 11. The production process rating apparatus as claimed in claim 9 or 10, wherein the display unit displays the result of the rating in a bar graph, a line graph, a circle graph, a radar chart, or a graph plotting a total rating score (Figs 1-2).
- 12. The production process rating apparatus as claimed in claim 9, wherein the display unit displays the result of the rating for each batch ID or unit recipe ID in a bar graph on a screen, the apparatus further comprising: a graph preparation unit for preparing a

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rating achievement data graph for each batch ID or unit recipe ID from rating achievement data with respect to rating parameters; a selector unit for selecting one of bar graphs displayed on the screen; and a call-up unit for calling up a rating achievement data graph including batch ID or unit recipe ID based on the selected bar graph onto the screen (Specification, Pages 2-3; Figs. 1-2).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of the ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of **Tanaka** with already known bar graphs displays as disclosed under "Description of the related art" because it would provide an improved graphical interface for displaying the performance achievements of a process that can be easily grasped in a bar graph.

Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments filed October 10, 206 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

In response to applicant's argument, with respect to claim 1, Pages 2-3, that the references fail to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (Page 2, i.e., a production process rating method for rating a production process on the basis of a predetermined rating standard; Page 3, a total rating score is obtained from a series of arithmetic operations for each batch process or each unit recipe in the batch process) are not recited in the rejected claim 1. Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the

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specification are not read into the claims. See *In re Van Geuns*, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993).

As stated in the previous office action, Applicant admits under "Description of the Related Art" that the limitations of claim 5, "a total rating score is decided for each batch process or for each unit recipe in the batch process", are known in the art (see Fig. 1, the total rating score corresponds to each number on the y-axis).

Applicant further contends that Tanaka does not disclose or suggest "prepare in advance plural data including performance rating items associated with rating values as rating indexes for a production process" and "comprehensively rate the production process on the basis of the plural performance rating items". Examiner disagrees because Tanaka teaches such limitations as described above (Figs. 5, 22; [0051], [0060], [0082]).

Conclusion

5. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

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the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning communication or earlier communication from the examiner should be directed to Zoila Cabrera, whose telephone number is (571) 272-3738. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F from 8:00 a.m. to 5:30 p.m. EST (every other Friday).

If attempts to reach the examiner by phone fail, the examiner's supervisor, Leo Picard, can be reached on (571) 272-3749. Additionally, the fax phones for Art Unit 2125 are (571) 273-8300. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the group receptionist at (703) 305-9600.

Zoila Cabrera Primary Examiner 12/22/06

ZOILA CABRERA
PRIMARY EXAMINER
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12/22/06